

ABSTRACT

Compositions and methods are provided for antisense modulation of interleukin-5 signal transduction. Antisense compounds, particularly antisense oligonucleotides, targeted 5 to nucleic acids encoding interleukin-5 and interleukin-5 receptor α are preferred. Methods of using these compounds for modulation of interleukin-5 signal transduction and for treatment of diseases associated with interleukin-5 signal transduction are also provided.

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